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April 25, 1995



DOCKET FILE COPY ORIGINAL

William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission Mail Stop 1170 1919 M Street, N.W., Room 222 Washington, D.C. 20554

Dear Mr. Caton:

Re: RM-8614 - Unbundling of Local Exchange Carrier Common Line Facilities

On behalf of Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell, please find enclosed an original and six copies of their "Reply Comments" in the above proceeding.

Please stamp and return the provided copy to confirm your receipt. Please contact me should you have any questions or require additional information concerning this matter.

Sincerely,

Enclosure

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## Before the FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION 2 5 1995 Washington, D.C. 20554 FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS

FEDERAL COMMUNICATIONS COMMISSION OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY

In the Matter of

Unbundling of Local Exchange Carrier Common Line Facilities

RM - 8614

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## REPLY COMMENTS OF PACIFIC COMPANIES

Pacific Bell and Nevada Bell (the "Pacific Companies" or "Pacific") hereby file reply comments to the Petition for Rulemaking filed by MFS Communications

Company, Inc. ("MFS Petition") pursuant to 47 C.F.R. 1.405.

The comments overwhelmingly establish that states are deeply involved in investigating and establishing policies concerning local competition for their jurisdictions. Even those parties that enthusiastically support the opening of a rulemaking acknowledge that many states are grappling with the complex issues surrounding local exchange competition.<sup>1</sup> The FCC simply does not need to open a rulemaking to require unbundling of the local loop because many states have either required unbundling of the local loop or are actively reviewing it. In fact, on April 17, 1995, the California Public Utilities Commission released a draft order proposing rules

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> <u>See e.g.,</u> Comments of AT&T at 5, Comments of Intermedia Communications of Florida, Inc. at 3, Comments of FiberLink, Inc. at 2, Comments of Teleport Communications Group, Inc. at 4.

for local competition for California.<sup>2</sup> The draft order proposes the unbundling of six network components by January 1, 1996, including the local loop. Further proceedings in California will review these components in detail, as well as the necessity for further unbundling.

Although the states are at different stages of their review of local competition issues, a need for federal action has not been established by the comments filed. In fact, those state commissions that filed in this proceeding all believe that the states are the appropriate bodies, from a legal and policy perspective, to review and resolve local, intrastate issues.<sup>3</sup> Based on the fact that many states are actively addressing local competition issues and that a federal rulemaking engenders controversial issues concerning preemption, the balance is tipped sharply against granting MFS' Petition.

The states are also addressing the pricing issues that MFS and others have raised. For instance, the request by the Competitive Telecommunications

Association ("CTA") that the FCC should initiate a rulemaking to address access charge pricing is misplaced. It fails to acknowledge that it is commonly the policy of the states to protect and fund universal service through the prices set for access charges. State commissions, as well as this commission, have dealt often with access charge pricing in

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Draft Order Instituting Rulemaking and Order Instituting Investigation on the Commission's Own Motion into Competition for Local Exchange Service, Cal.P.U.C., released April 17, 1995.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> <u>See</u> Comments of the Maryland Public Service Commission at 2, New York Department of Public Service Comments In Opposition To Request For Rulemaking at 2, Comments of the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission at 2.

this context. States must be permitted to do so in the future as they balance the requirements of universal service with the introduction of local competition.

The argument that federal action will be somehow quicker than state proceedings is also without merit.<sup>4</sup> The MFS Petition pointed out that federal policies would only apply to those states that have already authorized local competition so no time will be saved, and in fact, delays could result if a federal rulemaking is begun.<sup>5</sup>

Many of the comments filed also support our position that there is not a need for a federal rulemaking proceeding to establish interconnection standards. <sup>6</sup>
CTA, AT&T and FiberLink however, argue that the FCC should address the creation of national standards. CTA posits that federal action is necessary to "minimiz[e] entry barriers that could arise if potential LSCs face a different set of interconnection parameters in each jurisdiction." In its petition, MFS stated that it did not expect loop unbundling to require the development of new interconnection standards and we agree. <sup>8</sup> There is little need for federal action to investigate interconnection standards for access to unbundled loops. Such interconnection is commonly understood in the industry and documented in Bellcore technical publications. <sup>9</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Comments of Intermedia Communications of Florida, Inc. in Support of Petition For Rulemaking at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> MFS Petition Regarding Unbundling of Local Exchange Carrier Common Line Facilities at 1-3, 27-29. See also, Opposition of the National Association of Regulatory Utility Commissioners at 6.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Comments of Pacific Companies at 3.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> CTA Comments at 4.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> MFS Petition at 35.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> <u>See GR-334-CORE</u>, Switched Access Service: Transmission Parameter Limits and Interface Combinations, Issue 1, June 1994; <u>and see</u>, ANSI T1.401-1988 Interface Between Carrier and

AT&T's request that a rulemaking be opened to address technical issues associated with its version of unbundling should also be rejected. AT&T suggests that the Commission should consider whether it would be appropriate to expand unbundling of the loop to include "the full disaggregation of the loop into its components and functions." MFS has not demanded this in its petition and it did not do so because such unbundling is not necessary to facilitate entry into the local exchange market. With limited exceptions, states that have reviewed unbundling issues have not required this "part-store" unbundling because it is burdensome and unnecessary. There is no demonstration of any need for this level of unbundling and thus, there is no reason to initiate such a wasteful exercise.

AT&T's argument that federal action is necessary for consistency in state regulation is also inappropriate. <sup>11</sup> Each state faces a different situation in ensuring universal service within its boundaries. California, for example, is unique for several reasons. One-third of all intraLATA toll traffic in the nation is in California. Contribution from this service has been more heavily relied upon to meet universal service obligations than in other states. Additionally, just five percent of our serving area generates 85 percent of our business calling revenues and ten percent of our business customers account for 75 percent of our business revenues. The California

Commission is in the best position to judge what is best for Californians. It would be

Customer Installations - Analog Voicegrade Switched Access Lines Using Loop-Start and Ground-Start Signaling.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Comments of AT&T at 9.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> <u>Id.</u> at 15.

imprudent for the FCC to try and force a "one size fits all" policy on the states when conditions vary state by state.

States are also reviewing many of the other items suggested for addition in a rulemaking. For example, the draft rules just released by the California Commission consider interim and long term service provider number portability and mutual compensation, as well as network interconnection and access to support services. Clearly, there is no need for a rulemaking along the lines proposed by MFS.

If the Commission wishes to open a rulemaking it should address the common line charge issue, as we discussed<sup>15</sup> and which was endorsed by the Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission. It should also endeavor to reform the interstate access structure to eliminate inappropriate subsidies and review the development of competitively neutral, explicit funding mechanisms for universal service.

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Allnet's request for the imposition of a five mile rule for collocation pricing should be denied. (See Allnet Comments on MFS Petition for Rulemaking.) The FCC addressed collocation issues in Docket No. 91-141 and determined that the issues associated with collocation could not simply be resolved with a virtual collocation pricing scheme. See In the Matter of Expanded Interconnection with Local Telephone Company Facilities, Report and Order and Notice of Proposed Rulemaking, CC Docket No. 91-141, FCC 92-440, released October 19, 1992, paras. 81-85.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> See Comments of Cox Enterprises, Inc. at 2.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Comments of AT&T at 10-11.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Comments of Pacific Companies at 8.

For the reasons presented in our comments and for the above reasons, we urge the Commission to deny MFS' petition.

Respectfully submitted,

The PACIFIC COMPANIES

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Date: April 25, 1995

## **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Nancy K. Choy, hereby certify that copies of the foregoing "REPLY COMMENTS OF PACIFIC COMPANIES" re: MFS's Petition for Rulemaking, RM 8614, Unbundling of Local Exchange Carrier Common Line Facilities, were served by hand or by first-class United States mail, postage prepaid, upon the parties appearing on the attached service list this 25th day of April, 1995.

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